Area-wide Demonstration of Alternatives:

Forest Nurseries in the Southern US

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Cooperators in Research

- Steve Godbehere, Hendrix & Dail
- Dean McCraw, Rayonier, Glennville, GA
- Ken Woody, Plum Creek, Jesup, GA
- USDA ARS Area-Wide Pest Mgt Project for Methyl Bromide Alternatives – South Atl. Region

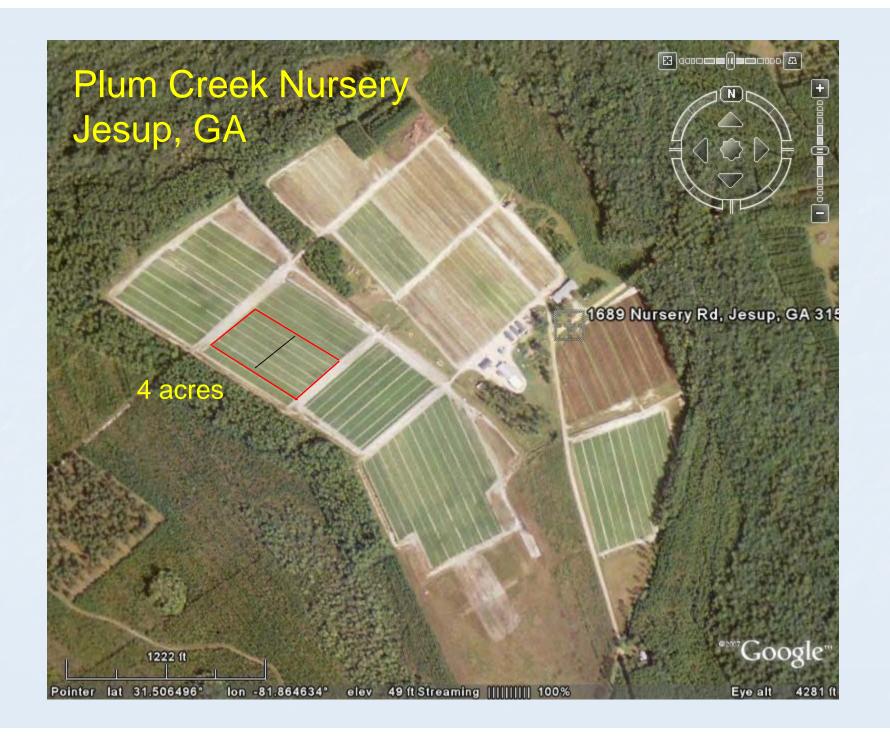
2007 Fumigants

Fumigant	Rate	Components	
MBr	350 lbs/a	67% MBr + 33% Chlor	
Chloropicrin	300lbs/a	100% Chloropicrin	
MBC 70/30	400 lbs/a	70% MBr (98/2) + 30% Solvent A	
Pic Chlor 60	400 lbs/a	60% Chlor + 40% 1,3-D	
Pic+	300 lbs/a	85% Chloropicrin + 15% Solvent A	
New Pic+	300 lbs/a	85% Chloropicrin + 15% Solvent B	
DMDS	74 gal/a (731 lb/a)	79% DMDS + 21% Chlor	

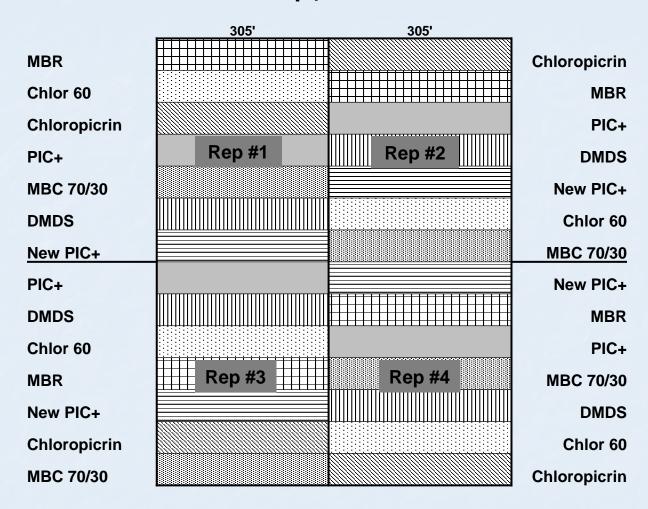


Trial Information

	Jesup, GA	Glennville, GA	
Fumigation	April 3, 2007	March 20, 2007	
Fumigation type	Shank injected Broadcast/flat tarp	Shank injected Broadcast/flat tarp	
Area in trial	4 acres	10 acres	
Air temperature range	67° to 88°F	50° to 78°F	
Wind speed	3 – 6 mph	3 – 13 mph	
Soil moisture	8.5%	5.5%	
Soil series	Norfolk loamy sand	Tifton loamy sand	
Plastic in place	7 days	7 days	

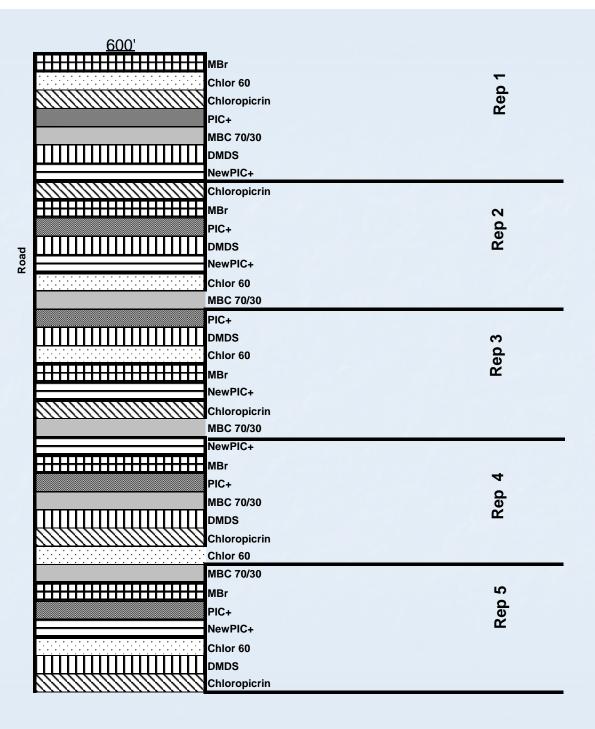


Jesup, GA Trial

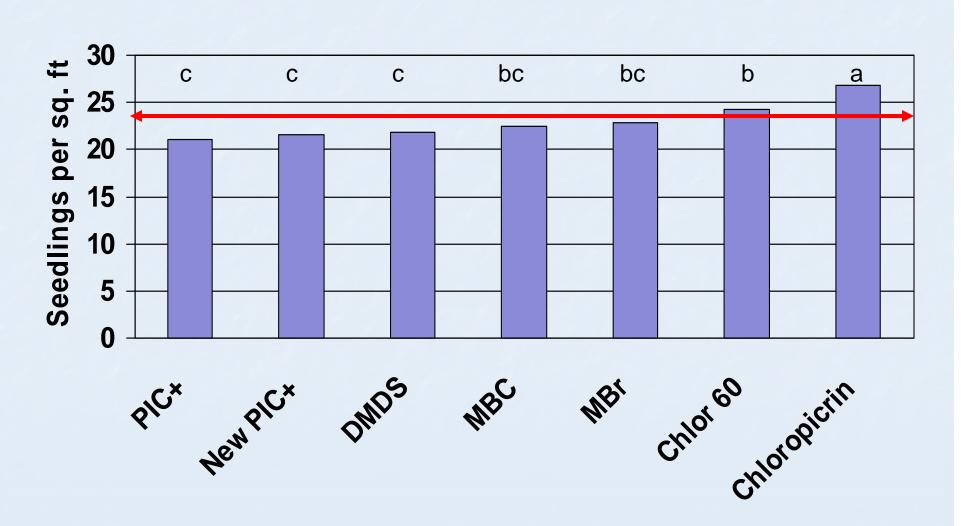




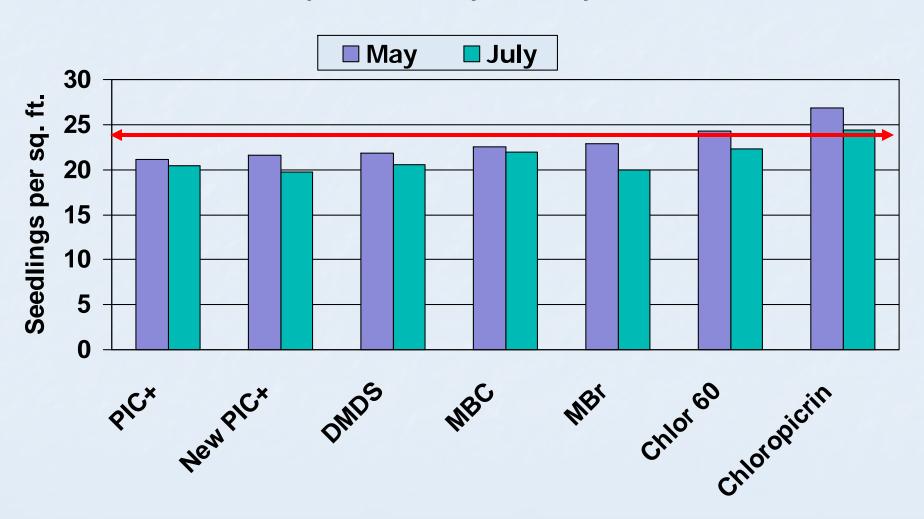
Glennville, GA Trial

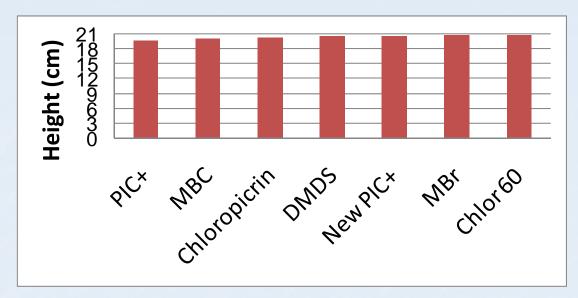


Jesup, GA May 2007



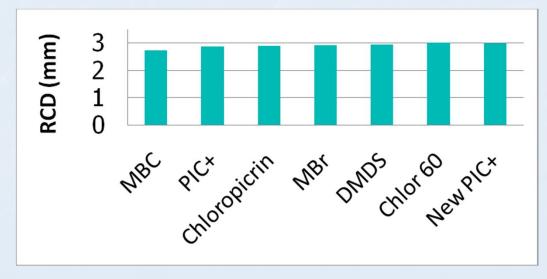
Jesup, GA May & July 2007





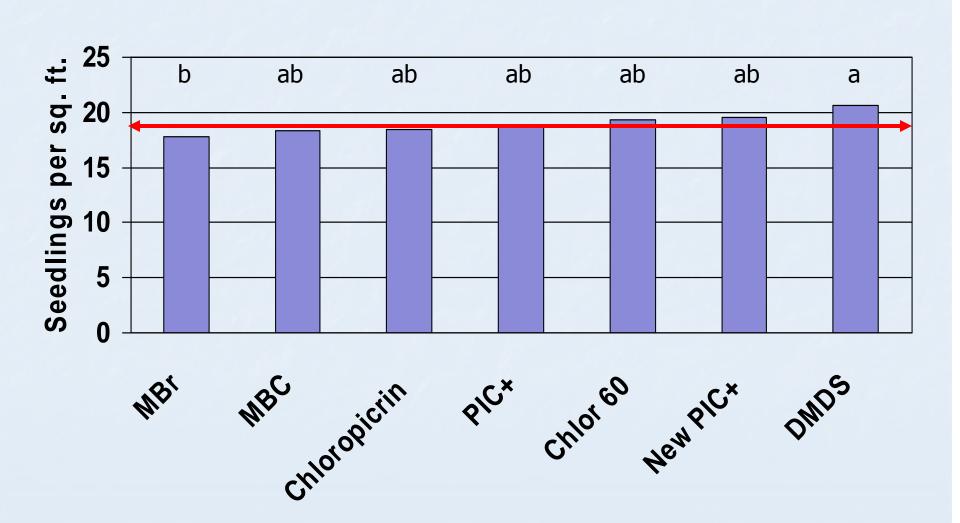
Jesup, GA July 2007

Seedling height

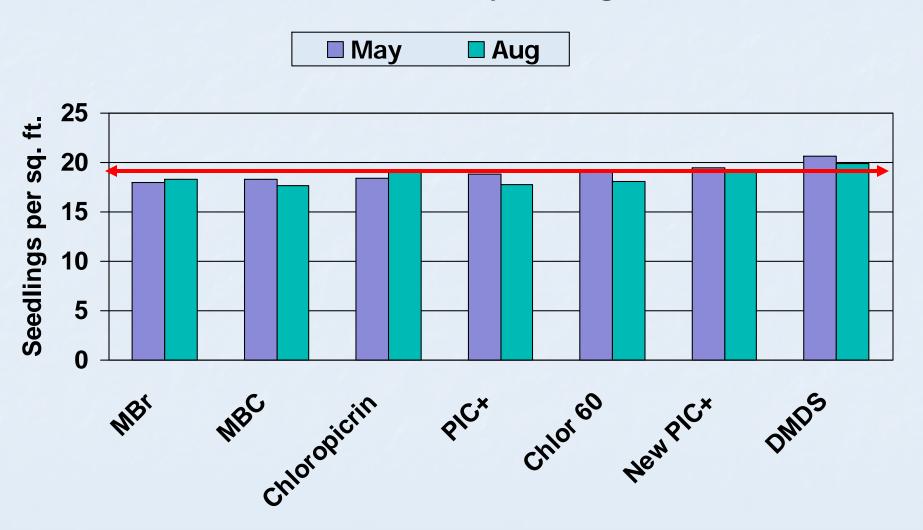


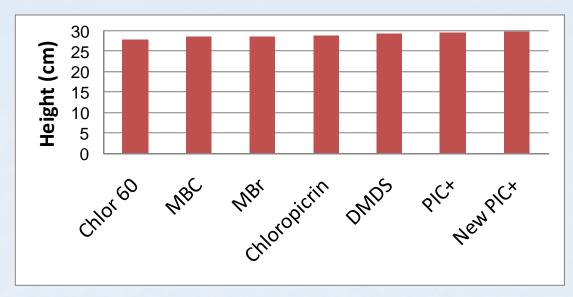
Root Collar Diameter

Glennville, GA May 2007



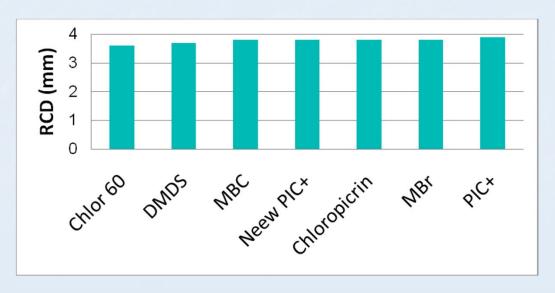
Glennville, GA May & Aug 2007





Glennville, GA August 2007

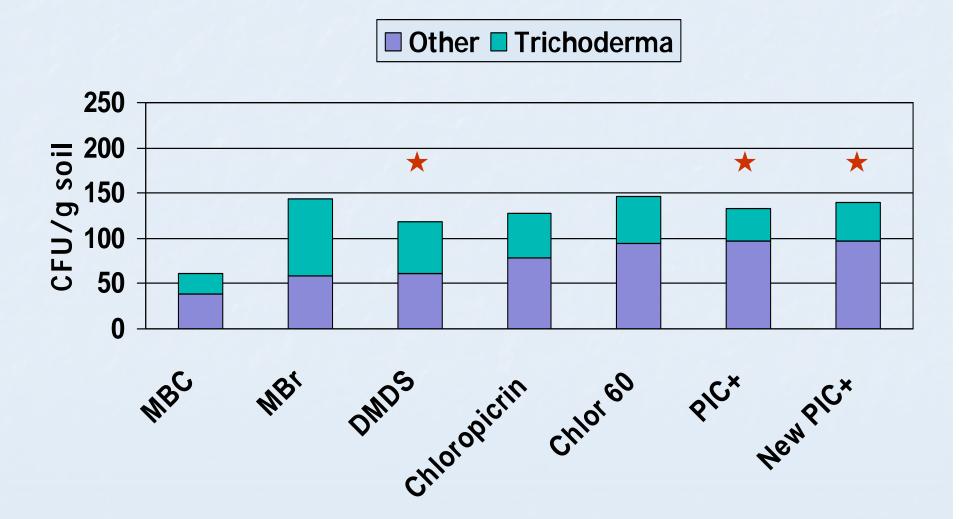
Seedling height



Root Collar Diameter

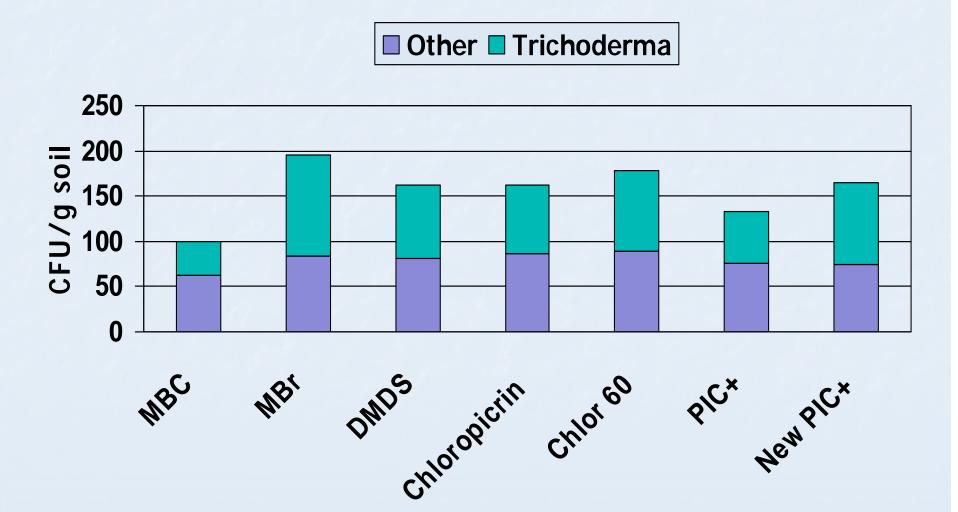
Soil Fungal Counts May 2007

Jesup, GA



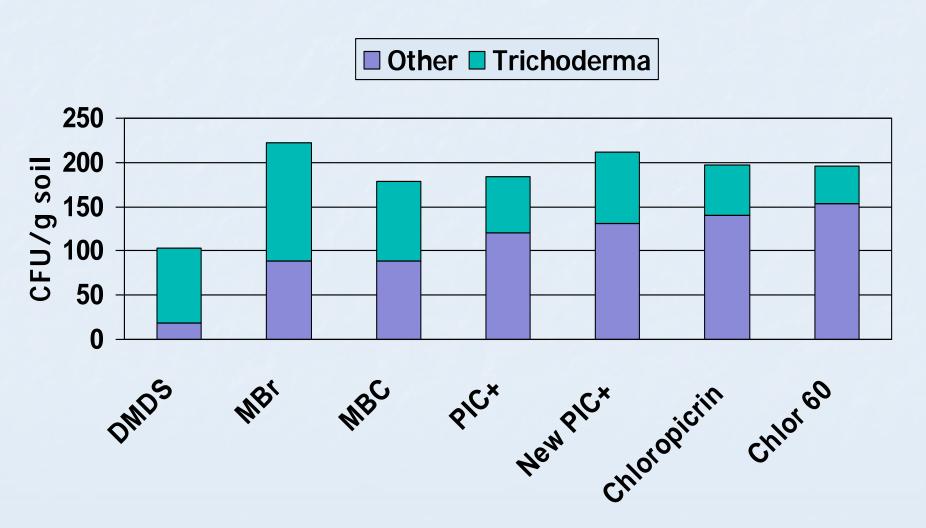
Soil Fungal Counts July 2007

Jesup, GA



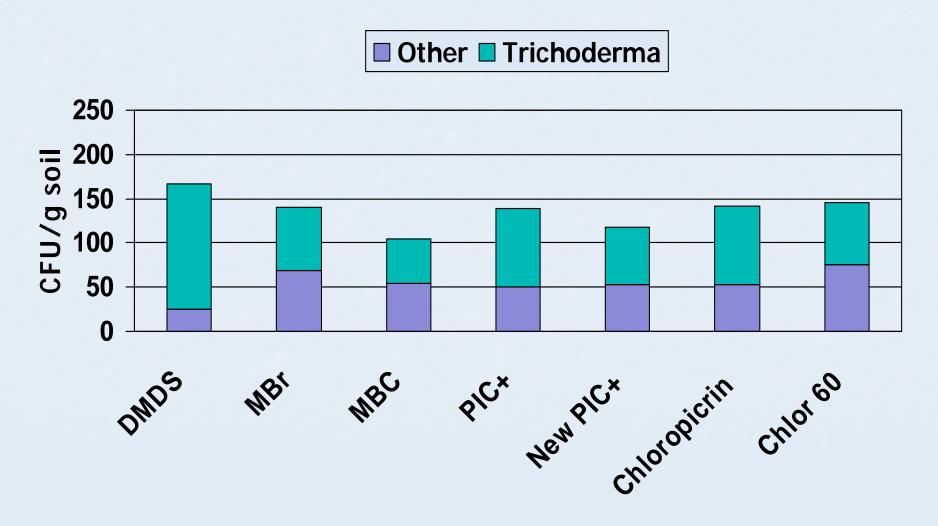
Soil Fungal Counts May 2007

Glennville, GA

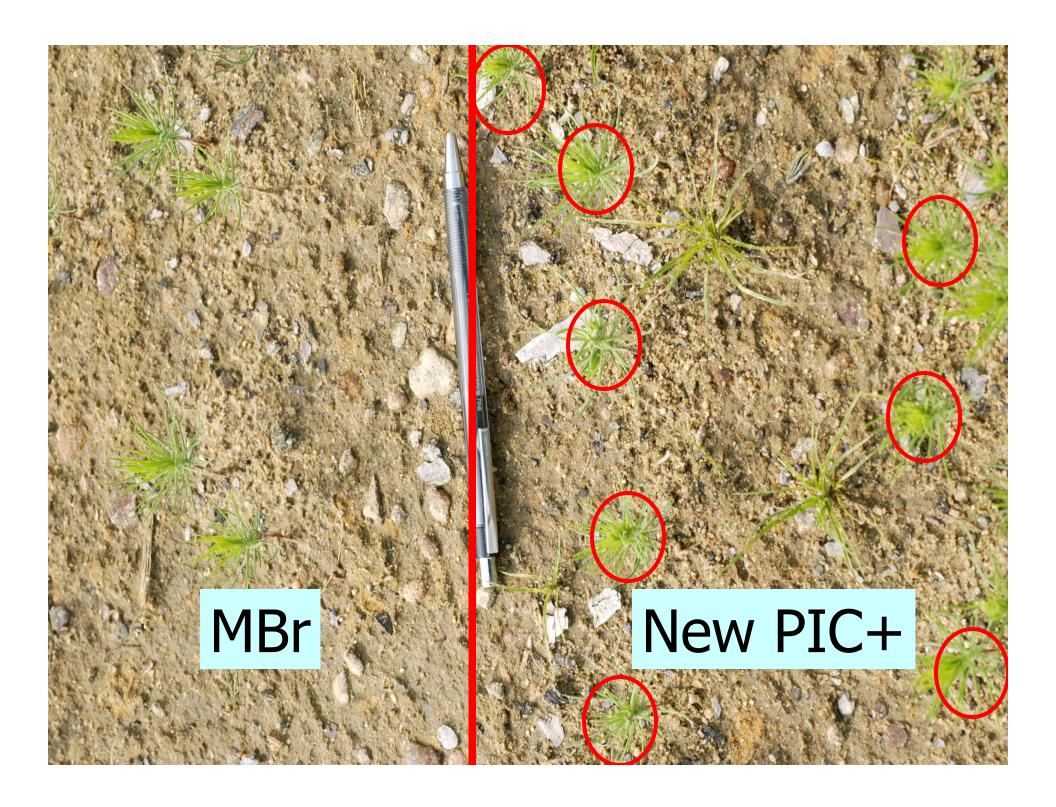


Soil Fungal Counts Aug 2007

Glennville, GA







Data to collect

	2007 Fall	2008 Pre-sow	2008 Post-sow	2008 July/Aug	2008 Fall
Nematode	√	√	√	√	√
Trichoderma	√	√	√	√	√
Seedling count	√		√	√	√
Seedling quality	√			√	√
Weed problems			√	√	
Root mass morphology	√				√





Methyl Bromide Alternatives Conference San Diego October 2007

- •New EPA Registrations:
 - •Iodomethane (Midas)
 - ■1 year
 - ■25 ft to 500 ft buffer dependant on
 - Rate applied
 - Application method
 - Area treated
 - Emission control measures taken
 - Can NOT share buffers with other treated areas
 - DMDS
 - Experimental Use Permit for FL, GA, NC

Good Agricultural Practices (GAP) that reduce emissions will be considered by EPA in determining buffers

It was suggested that buffers need to change depending on:

Application method

Application rate

Season of application

Soil type

Soil moisture

Soil temperature

Soil compaction

Tarp type





Future possibilities

- Acrolein trichoderma friendly controls emerged weeds need herbicide to control nutsedge
- □ XRM 3162 Dow Agrosciences still in development same effectiveness as MBr 98/2 at 400 lb/acre on yellow nutsedge, root knot nematode

